What is claimed is:

1. A delivery system comprising:

a tubular body including a proximal end, distal portion, a distal end on the distal portion, and a length between the distal end and the proximal end,

a distal tip disposed on the distal portion of the tubular body, the distal tip including at least a partially bioabsorbable or dissolvable material, the distal tip adapted to be disposed in a body lumen and adapted to at least partially bioabsorb or dissolve in vivo.

- 2. The delivery system of claim 1 wherein the bioabsorbable or dissolvable material is selected from the group comprising poly(vinyl pyrrolidone), methyl cellulose, carboxymethyl cellulose, cellulose derivative, or poly(ethylene oxide), colloidal hemicellulose gelatin, starch, or combinations thereof.
- 3. The delivery system of claim 1 wherein the distal tip further comprises a lumen.
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 4. The delivery system of claim 1 wherein the distal tip is made of at least one of a biostable polymer and bioabsorbable or dissolvable composite material, biostable polymer core and bioabsorbable or dissolvable shell, biostable polymer shell and bioabsorbable or dissolvable core, porous biostable polymer matrix filled with a bioabsorbable or dissolvable material, or combinations thereof.
 - 5. The delivery system of claim 1 wherein the distal tip bioabsorbs or dissolves in less than about 15 minutes.
 - 6. The delivery system of claim 1 wherein the distal tip has a first dimension D prior to introduction into a body lumen and is configured to have one or more additional dimensions D' ranging from about 0 % to about 80% of the first dimension D after disposed in vivo.
 - 7. The delivery system of claim 1 wherein the distal tip is configured to be in a first shape prior to placement in a body lumen and in one or more additional shapes when *in vivo*.
- 8. The delivery system of claim 7 wherein the distal tip has a greater average diameter in the first shape than in the additional states.



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- 9. The delivery system of claim 1 wherein the delivery system further comprises an occlusion device disposed on the tubular body.
- 10. The delivery system of claim 9 wherein the occlusion device is substantially proximal of the distal end of the distal tip and the tubular body extends at least partially through the occlusion device.
- 11. The delivery system of claim 1 wherein the distal tip is configured to either bioabsorb or dissolve to one or more smaller profiles, or bioabsorb or dissolve substantially away.
- 12. The delivery system of claim 1 wherein the distal tip has a substantially smooth transition at an edge of the tubular body.
 - 13. The delivery system of claim 1 wherein the distal tip further comprises a deformable material.
 - 14. The delivery system of claim 1 wherein the distal tip is molded or cast from a non-toxic, biocompatible material.
 - 15. The delivery system of claim 2 wherein the distal tip degrades or bioabsorbs within a range of about 5 to about 10 minutes when in vivo.
 - 16. A delivery system comprising:

a tubular body including a proximal end, distal portion, a distal end on the distal portion, and a length between the distal end and the proximal end,

a distal tip disposed on the distal portion of the tubular body, the distal tip including a deformable material adapted to deform when pressure is applied to at least a portion of the distal tip in vivo.

- 17. The delivery system of claim 16 wherein the distal tip has a first dimension D prior to introduction into a body lumen and is configured to have one or more additional dimensions D' ranging from 20% to about 80% of the first dimension D after disposed in vivo.
- 18. The delivery system of claim 16 wherein the deformable material includes at least one elastic or plastic polymer.

- 19. The delivery system of claim 18 wherein the elastic polymer includes at least one of silicone, polyurethane, polycarbonate urethane, polybutylene, PTFE, ePTFE, polyethylene, or combinations thereof.
- 20. The delivery system of claim 16 wherein the distal tip includes one or more hollow, cavity, or porous portions.
 - 21. The delivery system of claim 16 wherein the tubular body further comprises an outer tubular body adapted to constrain an associated implantable endoprosthesis.
 - 22. A method of using a delivery device comprising the steps of:

providing a delivery device having a tubular body including a proximal end, distal portion, a distal end on the distal portion, and a length between the distal end and the proximal end, a distal tip disposed on the distal portion of the tubular body, the distal tip including at least one of a dissolvable, bioabsorbable and deformable material, a medical device associated with the distal tip positioned on the distal portion of the tubular body;

inserting the delivery device into a body lumen;
advancing the delivery device to a desired location within the body

deploying the medical device in the body lumen;

allowing at least a portion of the distal tip to at least one of deform, dissolve or bioabsorb to a lower/profile; and

withdrawing the tubular body from the body lumen.

- 23. The method for using a delivery device of claim 22 further comprising the step of:
- withdrawing the distal end of the tubular body through at least a portion of the medical device.
 - 24. An occlusion device comprising:

a first set of filaments each of which extends in a configuration along a center line and having a first common direction of winding;

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lumen;

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a second set of filaments each of which extends in a configuration along a center line of the occlusion device and having a second common direction of winding;

a structural support system formed by the first set of filaments and the second set of filaments, the structural support system including a proximal end and a distal end, a diameter, and an inside surface and an outside surface; and

at least one thrombogenic treatment including at least one of a coating, fuzz, or fibers disposed on at least a portion of one or more filaments, the thrombogenic treatment adapted to cause thrombosis and vessel occlusion.

- 10 25. The occlusion device of claim/24 wherein the structural support system has a diminishing diameter on at least on end.
 - 26. The occlusion device of claim 24 further comprising a member having an outside diameter and an inside diameter.
- 27. The occlusion device of claim 24 wherein the structural support system has a shape selected from the group comprising cone-like, elliptical, cylindrical, trumpet-like and funnel-like.
 - 28. The occlusion device of claim 26 wherein the member is made of at least one of Elgiloy®, biostable polymer material, or bioabsorbable polymer material.
 - 29. The occlusion device of claim 26 wherein the member is a substantially continuous ring.
 - 30. The occlusion device of claim 24 wherein the thrombogenic treatment substantially encapsulates a plurality of ends of the filaments.
- 31. The occlusion device of claim 24 wherein the filaments have an average diameter of from about 0.0254 mm to about 0.7 mm.
 - 32. The occlusion device of claim 24 wherein the filaments are selected from the group comprising: 1) a metal with spring characteristic properties including Elgiloy®, 304 stainless steel, 316 stainless steel, or nitinol; 2) a polymer with a generally high Young's Modulus and yield strength including PET or nylon;
- 30 3) a bioabsorbable polymer including (PLLA), poly-D-lactide (PDLA),

polyglycolide (PGA), polydioxanone, polycaprolactone, polygluconate, polylactic acid-polyethylene cellulose, oxide copolymers, modified poly(hydroxybutyrate), polyanhydride, polyphosphoester,/poly(amino acids), or related copolymer materials; and 4) a metal with a generally high ductility and generally low to moderate yield strength including annealed stainless steel, platinum, gold, tungsten, or tantalum.

add By

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